posted on the late book reviews,

can spare a moment, then you

E. J. CLODE, Publisher, New York

Water Poured on Police-One Student

Clubbed Into Submission.

BALTIMORE, Md., Dec. 4 .- A lively riot

followed an attempt on the part of the

freshmen in the College of Physicians

and Surgeons to be photographed this

afternoon. Twenty policemen attempted

to quell the disturbance, and these were

watching the struggle. The freshmen

had formed in front of the college to have

their class photograph taken. There was

a rush of sophomores upon them, and in

the midst of the scramble four policemen

window.

Reenforcements were called for and fif-

teen men, headed by Lieut. Cole, hurried to the place. With their clubs they rushed the students, who were awaiting

into the college, to the upper floors, where they captured five students. One of them, Otto Thompson, was clubbed into submission after a desperate struggle

down the stairs and into the street.

The students were finally quieted, but

six policemen were left to patrol the neigh-

SMALLPOX IN THIS STATE.

Department of Health Brands an Unvac-

cinated Person as a Menace to the Public.

ALBANY, Dec. 4 .- The State Department

of Health in its monthly bulletin issued

to-day refers to the development of small-

pox in this State recently with the advent

of colder weather and brands an unvac-

cinated person as a menace to the public

health, while to have smallpox is declared

Save in one direction compulsory vac-

cination is not on the statute books of this

State It is a law, however, that all un-vaccinated persons shall be excluded from

smallpox epidemic has passed. The health officer of Haverstraw reports that the fifteen cases of the disease developed there

are now convalescing and that danger of a

lives in New Paltz. He has been taken

CAPT. LENTZ TO BE CENSURED.

by Adjutant-General Henry.

ALBANY, Dec. 4. - Adjutant - General

Henry has announced his approval of the

findings of the court of inquiry which

investigated the accusations against Capt.

Charles B. Lentz, Twenty-fifth Separate

Company, at Tonawanda, relative to the

furnishing of supplies and the alleged

conversion to his own use of articles of pub-

to the conversion of property was trivial and absurd and should be dismissed; that

he committed a grave error in signing a certificate attesting the delivery of coal which he knew to be untrue; that there is

no evidence tending to show that he profited

no evidence tending to show that he profited in any way in any transactions, but the evidence is clear that he did not use his best efforts and ability to adequately protect the country from being imposed upon by unscrupulous persons in administering the affairs of the armory. The court recommends that he be censured, but con-

Gov. and Mrs. Odell's Coming Receptions.

ALBANY, Dec. 4 .- It was announced to-

receive at the executive mansion New Year's

day that the Governor and Mrs. Odell will

Wife Murderer Bergstrom Appeals.

wife murderer, who was tried and con-

victed in White Plains in the record time of

five hours, has appealed to the Court of Appeals, which acts as a stay of execution. He was to have been put to death in Sing

Verdict Against Automobilist.

SYRACUSE, Dec. 4.-The first suit brought

against an automobilist under the Bailey

law was tried here to-day and resulted

in a victory for the plaintiff, as it was an-

nounced before the trial was over that

Stephen Dayan, the defendant, had consented to a settlement. The case hinged on the provision of the Bailey law that the

automobilist must stop his machine when a

person driving a horse raises his hand. The plaintiff, who sued for \$2,000 for being thrown out of her buggy, was Mrs. Law-

Did Jacob Cram Pass Worthless Checks?

PATCHOGUE, L. I., Dec. 4 .- Jacob Cram,

who is said to be a distant relative of the

Vanderbilt family, was arraigned this morn-

ing before Judge Carman on a charge of

National Guard Gets the Peep Sighte.

Sing prison on Dec. 14.

rence B. Myers.

a roadhouse keeper.

ALBANY, Dec 4 .- Oscar Bergstrom, the

tinued in command of the company.

The court finds that the charge relative

findings of Court of Inquiry App

department says:

to the pest house.

lic property.

Fully 1,000 people jammed Calvert street,

tossed about and soaked with water.

will take the book home.

# NAVY SECRETARY'S REPORT.

REORGANIZATION OF THE DE-PARTMENT RECOMMENDED.

Consolidation of the Bureaus and the Creation of a General Staff Proposed -Percentage of Citizenship in Enlisted Force Steadily Increasing.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 4 .- The chief point of interest in the annual report of the Navy Department, just submitted by Secretary Moody to the President, is the strong recommendation that the entire organization of the navy be considered by Congress at its coming session, and that such charges be made that the navy shall be kept upon a permanent war footing. The changes sug-

First-Alterations in the organization of navy yards which will increase the power and responsibility there over and for work

progressing therein. Second-The consolidation of the bureaus

in the Department. Third-The creation of a General Staff, which shall be responsible for the efficiency of the vessels afloat and the personnel of the navy, collect and digest military inoperations may be formulated and act as the military adviser of the Secretary, having no authority except such as may be conupon it from time to time by the

The report says: The report says:

Differences of opinion still exist as to the measure of success which has attended the consolidation of the Engineer Corps with the line which was effected by the act of March 5, 1899. It is gratifying to know that both the Chief of the Bureau of Navigation and the Chief of the Bureau of Steam Engineering believe that the consolidation is working well, and I am informed that such is the opinion of the majority of our officers.

The policy of the United States in these particulars has not, so far as the Department is aware, been followed by any of the Continental navies, but the question of the status of the naval engineer is understood to be under serious discussion by foreign admiralty boards.

status of the naval engineer is understood to be under serious discussion by foreign admiralty boards.

The problems presented by modern naval engineering are of the highest order, and demand for their full mastery and solution expert training, experience and patient, painstaking and enthusiastic study and effort; and in view of the rapid developmen in power and complication in the main and auxiliary machineries of naval vessels the subject is one of growing limportance.

Of the several officers in command of the eleven battleships of the navy now in commission, two are 59, one is 58, three are 57, three are 56 and two are 55 years of age. The ages of the officers who, in course of time, will be selected to relieve them will be about the sains. The Chief of the Bureau of Navigation again brings to the attention the importance of devising some plan by which officers will attain command rank and duty at an earlier age than under the present system. The Chief of the bureau suggests as the only remedy for the evils attending the tardy attainment of command rank early compilsory retirement in the higher grades.

The percentage of citizenship in the enlisted force of the navy is steadily growing. The number of enlisted men in the service June 80, 1903, including petty officers, seamen and other ratings, landsmen for training and apprentices, was 27,245. Of this number, 79.8 per cent, were native born and 0.9 per cent, as compared with 89 per cent, at the beginning of the fiscal year. Among landsmen for training, the percentage of native born citizens was 93; naturalized or having declared intentions, 6.7 per cent, allens resident in the United States and non-resident, three-tenths of 1 per cent, only. Of apprentices enlisted, 95 per cent.

Although it is almost five years since we acquired the Philippine Islands, no steps

of apprentices enlisted, 95 per cent. were native born.

Although it is almost five years since we acquired the Philippine Islands, no steps have been taken to establish a naval base there. We have in a static waters a large fleet, comprising not only smaller vessels, but cruisers and battleships. There is no naval base at present hearer than Puget Sound or. San Francisco Bay. In time of universal peace it is possible to repair our ships in the dockyards at Hong Kong and in Japan, and to transport without molestation stores and supplies to Eastern waters. If we were at war with any Power these facilities for repairs would not be available, and the possibility of furnishing stores and supplies would be greatly lessened. If other Powers were at war in those waters, it would be difficult for us to procure the necessary facilities for the repair of our ships.

"Only two places," the Secretary says, in Manila Bay, and Olongapo, in Subig Bay.

"have been seriously considered—axis, in Manila Bay, and Olongapo, in Subig Bay. Naval opinion unanimously favors Subig

says, a separate and permanent organiza-tion has been created, known as the Carib-bean squadon. The squadron will ultimately have as its base the naval station at Guantamamo, and will be composed of swift cruisers and light vessels.

wift cruisers and light vessels.

During the past year marksmanship has improved, resulting from the new plan of putting ships in competition with each other. The rapidity of firing has also increased. "It is interesting to note," says the Secretary, "that all of the 224 pointers who fired on the preliminary practice are either citizens or have declared their intention to become citizens. Of them 76½ per cent. were native born Americans, 15½ per cent. were naturalized citicans, 15% per cent, were naturalized citi zens and 8 per cent. were aliens with in-tentions declared."

The report concludes as follows:

The report concludes as follows:

Careful consideration given during the past year to the question of the continuance of naval construction confirms me in the views expressed in my last annual report that the upbuilding of the navy should be continued by the annual authorisation of new vessels. The advice of the General Board and of the Board of Construction has been sought and received, and will be submitted to the committees of Congress.

The steady growth of the navy has called for the best energies of all who are concerned in its administration and operation. The activity which has been manifested throughout the naval service has undoubtedly made large drafts upon the time and abilities of our officers and the endurance of our ships. Both officers and ships are consumed by their uses, though thus they have each escaped the deterioration which results from inactivity. On the other hand, I am advised, and believe it to be true, that our constantly increasing number of enlisted men are becoming well trained for their duties, that our hard-working officers are keen, intelligent and zealous, that our squadrons are increasing in mobility, and that in every way the efficiency of the navy as a whole has been promoted, so that, although not large in comparison with other pavies, the navy justifies the support of Congress and the confidence of the country.

## TO CALL SECRETARY ROOT. Senate Committee Want Him as a Witness

in the Wood Investigation. WASHINGTON, Dec. 4 .- The Senate Committee on Military Affairs has decided to call the Secretary of War as a witness in the Wood investigation. No day has been set for his examination, but it will probably be next week. Members of the committee have been informed that Secretary Root, while visiting Havana, investigated certain charges against Gen. Wood, and there are a number of documents in the War Department which, it is intended, Secretary Root will be asked to produce and explain.

Secretary Root will be asked about the Bethlers charge filed against Gen. Wood

Rathbone charges filed against Gen. Wood before he was sent to the Philippines, also if Gen. Wood called for a court of inquiry to investigate the Rathbone allegations and what explanation he made of his connection with the gambling concern in Havana. He will also be called on to explain what investi-gation was made of Gen. Wood's alleged participation with Runcie in the preparation of the article reflecting on Gen. Brooke.

### Guantanamo Naval Station to Be Trans ferred to Us on Dec. 10.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 4 .- H. G. Squiers, United States Minister to Cuba, who is in Washington, notified the Navy Depart ment through the State Department to-day, that Dec. 10 had been fixed as the date of the formal transfer to the United States of the property at Guantanamo, Cuba, to be used as a naval station. Rear Admiral Barker, commanding the North Atlantic fleet, who is on his way to Guantanamo with his battleship squadron, will represent the United States. Threewill represent the United States. Three-fourths of the property desired will be transferred. The question of the price to be paid for the remainder is pending in the

PRESIDENT SENDS FOR PLATT. He Wanted to Learn Details of Republican Situation in This State.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 4 .- Senator Platt called at the White House this morning at the request of the President, who wanted to learn the details of the Republican situation in New York State. The President and the Senator had a satisfactory chat and they agree in the proposition that their personal relations and the relations of Senator Platt to the party in the State are exactly what they were prior to the recent White House conference and dinner participated in by the President, Senator Platt,

Gov. Odell and State Chairman Dunn. The President took a more cheerful view of affairs after Mr. Platt's visit, and is convinced that Odell and Platt have established most harmonious relations and that the Republican outlook in the State is bright.

## CONGRESSMAN HUNTER SWORN IN. The "Gum Shoe" Statesman of Kentucky

Takes a Seat in the Cherokee Strip. WASHINGTON, Dec. 4,-Speaker Cannon aid before the House at its opening to-day the credentials of Dr. W. Godfrey Hunter as Representative from the Eleventh district of Kentucky, and with Representa-

tive Nevin of Ohio, who has been ill, he

took the oath. Mr. Hunter, who is known in Kentucky as the "Gum Shoe" statesman, was obliged to take a seat in the last row in the "Cherokee Strip." On the desk was placed a huge bouquet of chrysanthemums and American Beauty roses, presented by friends in Washington. Attached to the ribbon streamers was a big "gum shoe" and a pair of rubber boots, 21/2 inches in length. The significance was apparent to the Kentuckians and the joke was enjoyed by Dr.

Hunter. Mr. Livernash (U. L. and Dem., Cal. introduced a resolution reciting that the recent revolution in Panama had endangered free transit across the Isthmus of Panama in violation of treaty obligations and declaring that it is the duty of the United States to demand that the Government of Colombia and the Government of Colombia of Panama shall in their relations with each other refrain from interference with the freedom of transit across the Isthmus. The resolution disclaims on the part of the United States any intention to impair or limit the sovereignty of the republic of limit the sovereignty of the republic of Colombia or to support the Republic of Panama against the republic of Colombia.

Mr. Maynard (Dem., Va.) introduced a resolution to legalize the practice heretofore followed of allowing the franking privilege to National Guard organizations.

The Post Office Department recently de-Among the bills introduced to-day were

the following:

By Mr. Burgess (Dem., Tex.)—Appropriating 1500,000 to exterminate the cotton boll weevil. The bill provides that a commission be appointed to investigate and report methods to exterminate the evil.

By Mr. Wachter (Rep., Md.)—To make April 14 a national holiday to be known as Martyrs' Day

By Mr. Sherley (Dem., Ky.)—To reduce
the internal revenue tax on whiskey from
\$1.10 to 70 cents a gallon.

The Senate after meeting at noon and transacting some unimportant routine bus-iness, at 12:30 adjourned until to-morrow.

SENOR GALVAN SEES SEC'Y HAY. His Only Business Is as a Member of the Dominican Arbitration Tribunal.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 4 .- Señor Galvan, who was Minister of Foreign Affairs in the Cabinet of the deposed Dominioan President. Wos y Gil, and is now the Dominican representative on the tribunal of arbitration in session here to adjust the claim of the Santo Domingo Improvement Company of New York against his Government, had an interview with Secretary Hay to-day. It was said afterward that the visit was purely personal, Mr. Hay and Senor Galvan having known each other at Madrid more than thirty years ago, when Mr. Hay was Secretary of the United States Legation

tion tribunal. He has no authority offer any coaling station concessions to the United States or to ask that an American protectorate be declared over Santo Domingo, having, in fact, been repudiated by the present Government of that country. The United States, however, will not con-sent to the demand that another Santo Domingo man acceptable to the Dominican Government be appointed on the arbitra-tion tribunal, and has so informed the Dominican authorities.

## JUSTICE BROWN NEARLY BLIND. Return of the Trouble With His Eyes Which Began About Two Years Ago.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 4-Associate Justice Henry B. Brown of the United States Supreme Court is suffering from a return of the trouble with his eyes which began about two years ago, and it is expected that he will become totally blind. For about a year he was unable to use his eyes, but it was believed recently that his sight was becoming better. Last Sunday night he lost the use of both eyes, but the sight of one has since been partly restored. His physicians are understood to be of the opinion, however, that total blindness

from the Supreme Court this week, does not expect to give up his judicial duties on account of his affliction. He is 67 years old, and, barring his optical trouble, is strong and vigorous, physically and men-tally. He was appointed to the supreme bench from Michlgan by President Harrison in 1890.

# Washington Society Notes.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 4 .- Mrs. Whitelaw Reid and Miss Reid will be the guests of Representative and Mrs. Francis Burton Harrison for some weeks during the social season, when much entertaining will be done in their honor. The Austro-Hungarian Ambassador and Baroness Hengelmuller will give a dinner in their honor on Jan. 7, when Miss Mabel Gerry, daughter of Elbridge T. Gerry of New York, will be their guest.

Representative and Mrs. McClellan were the guests of honor at a dinner to-night, Mrs. Mary G. Audenreid being the hostess. M. Jusserand, the French Ambassador, and Madame Jusserand will entertain a small party at luncheon to-morrow, when they will present M. André Michel, a French lecturer and scholar. The Ambassador and Mme. Jusserand will leave Washington on Dec. 16 for New Orleans to take part in the celebration of the Louisiana Purchase.

Movements of Naval Vesseis. Washington, Dec. 4.—The training ship Buffalo has arrived at Newport News, the training ship Hartford at Savannah, the collier Nanshan at Yokohama, the cruiser Baltimore at Hampton Roads, and the tug Peoria, with the submarine torpedo boat Adder, at Norfolk. The training ship Mohican has sailed from Pichilinque for Magdalena Bay, and the training ship Adams from Santa Barbara for a cruise. The cruiser Chicago was placed out of commission yesterday at the Boston Navy

Mayor-Elect McClellan Better. WASHINGTON, Dec. 4 .- Mayor-elect George B. McClellan of New York, who was con fined to his room at the Shoreham Hotel yesterday suffering from a slight attack of the grip, was much better this morning and went to the Capitol to attend the session of the House

CANNON EXPELS LABOR AGENT. HE ORDERS H. J. SCHULTHEIS

OUT OF HIS ROOM. The Labor Agent Had Made Himself Offensive by Asserting That the Labor Committee Had Been Packed--"Put

That Man Out." Sald the Speaker. WASHINGTON, Dec. 4 .- H. J. Schultheis, for some years the legislative agent of the union labor interests at the Capitol, has lost his usefulness, so far as influence Speaker Cannon is concerned. about by reason of his demands regarding the organization of the House committees and of his talk to the Speaker COPS AND STUDENTS IN RIOT. in the presence of a number of Representa

tives in the Speaker's room shortly before

the House met to-day. About two weeks ago, it is said Schultheis called on the Speaker and demanded in the name of labor that Representative Edward J. Livernash, who, with his colleague, Wynn, also of San Francisco constitutes the Union Labor Democracy in the House, should be made chairman of the

Committee on Labor.

"You do not seem to understand the situation." said Mr. Cannon. "I am responsible to the majority of the House for the selection of the committees, and the majority is responsible to the country for the work of the organization. Even the responsible to the country for the work of the organization.

try for the work of the organization. Even if your Mr. Livernash is entitled to a seat on the floor—I do not raise the question and express no opinion, but his right to a seat is being contested—he could not possibly be chairman of the committee."

This did not satisfy Mr. Schultheis, but he retired without further demonstration. This morning he entered the Speaker's room and asserted in a loud voice:

"The public press says the Labor committee has been packed against us, and I tell you labor will have its rights."

This aroused the Speaker's ire. "Whoever you are," he said, slowly, "you will receive the same treatment that is accorded to any other citizen of the Republic. But I want to say that you can't pack the Committee on Labor."

mittee on Labor.

Mr. Schultheis seemed surprised at the manner of the Speaker. He turned to Mr. Cannon and said: "You were a member of the Committee on Rules in the Fifty-first Congress and prevented our measures from being considered. I went out to your district in 1890, and you know what hap-

pened."
This was too much for the Speaker's equanimity, and his temper gave way, for he knew that, whatever contributed to his defeat for the Fifty-second Congress, Schultheis cut no figure. "Put that man out of the door," he said to the messenger, "and see that he course into this room po "and see that he comes into this room no more."

### GEN. REYES'S MISSION FAILS. He Realizes That Colombia's Aim to Again Control the Isthmus Is Hopeless.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 4 .- Realizing that the position of the United States with regard to the Isthmus of Panama is entirely different to be a crime against the community. The from what it was believed to be in Bogota when he left there, Gen. Rafael Reves, the Colombian Special Envoy Extraordinary. has telegraphed to his Government for instructions. Gen. Reyes, since his informal talk with

vaccinated persons shall be excluded from the public schools. This law is strictly enforced in many of our municipalities, and its constitutionality has just recently been affirmed by the State courts in a de-cision given by the Appellate Division, Second Department."

The department believes the worst of the Gen. Reyes, since his informal talk with Secretary Hay vesterday, has admitted that Colombia's desire to bring the Isthmus under Colombian control again is hopeless. He regards the making of a Canal treaty with Panama as having dashed to the ground Colombia's last hope of negotiating a similar treaty with the United States. He now sees the uselessness of any at-tempt by the Colombian forces, of which he is the Commander-in-Chief, to invade the lathmus. the Isthmus.

The Colombian Government has been

are now convalescing and that danger of a further spread is past. Altogether smallpox in the past two months has been reported from over thirty places in Cattaraugus and Chautauqua counties, with as many as fifty cases.

It was reported to-day that a smallpox case had developed in a fraternity house on upper Madison avenue, in this city, and that about a dozen Albany law school students rooming there will be held in the house under quarantine for a time. The student who contracted the disease lives in New Paltz. He has been taken made acquainted, by Gen. Reyes, with the determined intention of the United States to maintain the independence of the Panama Republic and to build the Panama Canal under its treaty arrangement with that new nation. It is not known here what Colombia is likely to do in these circumstances, but it is surmised that the instructions for which Gen. Reyes has asked will be merely to appeal to President Roosevelt for a reference to arbitration of the issue between Panama and Colombia. Further Bay. In view of the growing American interests and responsibilities in the neighborhood of the Caribbean, the Secretary of the statement was also made that Señor Galvan's only business in Washington is asys, a separate and permanent organization has been ground at the caribbean of the caribbean of the statement was also made that Señor realizes the fact that such an appeal would be useless.

In view of the growing American interests and responsibilities in the neighborhood of the Caribbean, the Secretary of the was the Dominican and Colombia. Further than that nothing can between Panama and Colombia. Further than that nothing can between Panama and Colombia. Further than that nothing can between Panama and Colombia. Further than that nothing can between Panama and Colombia. Further than that nothing can between Panama and Colombia. Further than that nothing can between Panama and Colombia. Further than that nothing can be done. There is reason to believe, however, that Gen. Reyes the Panama and Colombia. Further than that nothing can be done. There is reason to believe, however, that Gen. Reyes the Panama and Colombia. Further than that provides the panama and Colombia. Further than that provide

It was arranged to-day that Gen. Reyes should be presented to President Roosevelt by Secretary Hay to-morrow morning. He will hand to the President his credentials as Colombia's Special Envoy Plenipotenti-ary and Extraordinary and thus secure ognition of his official status as such.

## PANAMA MINISTER'S TITLE. State Department Designates Him as

Senor Don Philippe Bunau Varilla. WASHINGTON, Dec. 4 .- The new Minister of Panama, who is a Frenchman and is known in Paris as "Monsieur" and in Washington as "Mister," has been designated officially as "Se for Don" Philippe Bunau Varilla. This designation appears in the official diplomatic list for December, issued by the State Department. As a rule the designation is chosen by the diplomatic representative himself and the State Department notified, but as the Panama Minister was out of town when the list was being printed, the Department had to supply the title, which it did by giving the usual designation of Latin-American diplomatic officers. In the list there is no hyphen between Bunau and Varilla. ington as "Mister." has been designated no hyphen between Bunau and Varilla.

Santo Domingo's Deposed President Com ing to Washington.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 4 .- Information has been received here that ex-President Wos y Gil of Santo Domingo, who was recently deposed, is coming to Washington. It is supposed that he wants to consult with Señor Galvan, who was his Minister of Foreign Affairs, about plans for ousting those who ousted him. There will probably be no trouble in organizing another revolu-tion in Santo Domingo. In fact, one such movement is already on foot. Wos y Gil

Ambassador Hengelmuller Down With Bronehitts.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 4 .- Mr. Ladislaus Hengelmueller von Hengervar, the Ambassador from Austria-Hungary, is suffering from a severe attack of bronchitis which confines him to his bed. His physician calls twice a day, he is being carefully nursed, and no serious apprehension is felt. The Ambassador was in New York several days recently and contracted a cold which, upon his return to the embassy daysloyed into broughtis. developed into bronchitis.

North Carolina Editors Call on Speaker Cannon.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 4 .-- Speaker Cannon to-day received the members of the North Carolina Editors' Association, Mr. Cannon is a native of the Tar Heel State and the members of the delegation assured the Speaker that they were proud of him, but sorry that he had ever left the dear old North State. "If I hadn't, I reckon I'd never come to Congress," replied the Speaker

Army and Navy Orders.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 4 .-- Army orders lasue

Major Montgomery M. Macomb, General Staff, relieved from duty as a member of the Ordnance Board.

A general court-martial, to meet at Fort Slocum, with Capt. William O. Johnson, Sixteenth Infantry, as president and First Lieut. Charles E. Morton, Sixteenth Infantry, as judge advocate, has been appointed. appointed.
Capt. F. C. Marshall, Fifteenth Cavalry, from Governors Island to Fort Ethan Alien.

Navy orders issued to-day: Capt. A. Ross, from the command of the Buffalo to home and wait orders.
Lieuvenant-Commander H. O. Dunn to Chicago in charge naval recruiting station and branch hydrographic office.
Midshipmen D. R. Battles and B. D. Gaternoof. ishipmen D. R. Battles and B. D. Gatewood

CITY FIGHT FOR CHEAP LIGHT. Of course if you have kept

it is unnecessary to remind you BOARD OF ESTIMATE BEGINS BY that of all the books published this Fall, THE WINGS OF REJECTING NEW BIDS. THE MORNING has been New Amsterdam Company's \$12 a Lamp for most liberally praised and admir-One District to Be Taken as a Basic ed. Probably, though, you have been busy like the rest of us, and haven't seen the reviews. Read a page or two of the story at your bookseller's the first time you

of Charges for the Whole--Grout Pledged Against the High Rates The city began a fight yesterday with the gas and electric lighting companies over public lighting charges, the Board of Esti-

mate rejecting all but one bid for street lighting. Commissioner Monroe of the Department of Water Supply, Gas and Electricity told the board several months ago that all the companies which had sent n bids were comprised in the Consolidated Gas Company and that consequently there was no competition. The price asked for lighting most of the streets was \$17.50 a lamp a year. Commissioner Monroe refused to award contracts on these bids and a committee of the Board of Estimate took the matter up.

The companies couldn't discontinue lighting the streets because any attempt to coerce the city in that way would imperil their charters. Under the law they must continue the lighting of the streets, though their contracts have run out. Their only remedy is to sue the city, but as the Comptroller has power to supbona witnesses and to compel them to testify under oath, he has facilities for discovering if the money sought to be recovered in this manner is extortionate or the high bids are the result of collusion. of collusion. Maybe because of his authority the com

the midst of the scramble four policemen attempted to stop the rush. At first the students went pell mell into the college, followed by the policemen. Then the collegians joined interests and turned on the police. Sergt. Whittles and two of his officers were hurled through the door, the other cop was thrown through a window. panies have not begun action against the city. Also it is believed the corporations have anticip ted that the new administration will pay the bilk without question.

Now it seems that there is little prospect Now it seems that there is little prospect of the companies getting concessions from the incoming government. Comptroller Grout committed himself yesterday to a renewal of the policy of this administration of fighting what are held to be exporbitant charges for street lighting.

The New Amsterdam Gas Company, one the New Amsterdam Gas Company, one rushed the students, who were awaiting them. There was a mix-up, and then water was poured from an upper window, drenching some of the policeman and nearly drowning Officer Thompson.

Glasses were hurled at the policemen.

Lieut. Cole drew his revolver, and, calling to his men to follow him, dashed into the college to the upper forms.

of the companies controlled by the Consoli-dated, put in a bid to illuminate one section of the city for \$12 a lamp a year. The committee recommended the acceptance of this bid and the suggestion was adopted, only Borough President Cassidy of Queens vating against the motion. All the other ids were rejected.
The effect of the Board's action will be

to put upon the other companies the necessity of proving that it costs them more to produce gas than the New Amsterdam company Upon this phase the committee reported:

mittee reported:
With competition in no single district of the city possible, no good can come by again advertising for proposals in other districts. In the meanwhile the price thus fixed for one district will throw upon the other companies the burden of proving why the city should pay more for any district than it pays for this one. The report recommended that \$12 a lamp a year be fixed as the standard price and the recommendation was adopted.

The committee also went into the alleged overcharge for electric lighting. Concerning these the committee reported:

The charge for a 2 200 centle power electric.

overcharge for electric fighting. Concerning these the committee reported:

The charge for a 2,000 candle power electric ard lamp in Manhattan and The Bronx is \$146 per lamp per year. This is far above that charged in other cities in the United States for the same service. There are 5,050 arc lamps in service in Manhattan and The Bronx; 2,234 are served by overhead wires, and 2,816 are upon the underground system. The same prices are bid for lamps on both systems. The prices bid for electric lighting of public buildings are also higher than the city should be compelled to pay. We are informed that the Edison Company is supplying current to some of their private consumers at from one half to one third these rates. These consumers, of course, have the option of obtaining current from their own plants if the Edison rates are not made satisfactory—an option which the State Legislature ought certainly to grant the city. The Edison Electric Illuminating Company of Brooklyn bids \$124.50 per year for a 1,200 candle power lamp, and 14 cents per kilowatt hour for incandescent lighting in the public buildings. In every borough of the city the prices for electric lighting are, in our opinion, unreasonably high. We are unable to report that under existing conditions, upon readvertisement of the same proposals, lower prices will be bid.

KILLED BY ELEVATOR'S FALL. List Was Standing Under the Car When the Cable Parted.

was killed and six were yesterday noon by the falling of a freight elevator in the wine cellars of Luyties Bros., at 204 William street. The cellars occupy the space under the Brooklyn Bridge arches from William street east to

At the Rose street end the street level is one story lower and is connected with the William street level by a freight elevator, which has a lift of fifteen feet. When the noon hour came yesterday six of the cellar men crowded on to the platform of the elevator, which is not walled in. the elevator, which is not walled in.
Joseph List, too late to make the trip
with the other workmen, waited below.
As the elevator reached the upper floor
and before any one could jump off the
cable parted and dropped the platform
and its load down on List, who was standing below. He was almost instantly killed.
Of the six men who fell with the elevator all escaped with slight injuries except Henry Betz of 210 East Eleventh street,
who was taken to the Hudson street hospital with a broken leg

who was taken to the Hudsen street hospital with a broken leg

E. J. Cantin, the treasurer of the company, who was in charge of the building, was put under arrest. The elevator had been tested only a short time ago. It is thought that the cable was broken by the failure of the machinery to store when the of the machinery to stop when platform had reached the top.

NO WATER TO FIGHT A FIRE.

receive at the executive mansion New Year's
Day from 11 until 6 o'clock. The legislative
reception will be given on Thursday, Jan.
28. Mrs. Odell will give a luncheon to this
season's Albany débutantes on Thursday,
Dec. 10. Mrs. Odell's at home days at
the executive mansion will be Wednesday,
Jan. 6, Jan. 13, Jan. 20 and Feb. 3, from 4 New York Central's Freight House in Schenectady Destroyed-Loss \$100,000. SCHENECTADY, Dec. 4.—The freight house of the New York Central Railroad in this city was completely destroyed by fire this morning. The loss is in the neighborhood of \$100,000. The building was full of holiday goods for local merchants. The firemen were handicapped by the The nremen were handicapped by the lack of water, the mains supplying the city having been empty since yesterday morning by reason of the breaking down of one of the engines at the Rotterdam pumping station. A hole was broken in the ice in the canal, from which a scant supply was secured.

The fire was caused by the explosion of a barrel of vitriol. R. C. VANDERBILT GAVE BONDS.

Two Men Employed by Him Charged With Assaulting a Collector. NEWPORT, R. I., Dec. 4 .- Charles Bone and Frank Kelly, employed by Reginald C. Vanderbilt at his country home, Sandy Point Farm, were arrested to-day, charged with assault on Michael E. Sullivan, a

collector.
Sullivan alleges that Bone was in arrear
in payments and that when he sought to
make collection both men assaulted him. At a special session of the District Court to-night the men pleaded not guilty and were released in \$100 bail each. Mr. Vanderbili drove in from the farm and per sonally went surety for the men. The cases were set for trial on Dec. 15.

passing worthless checks on the storekeepers here last Summer. The examination was set down for to-morrow morning. Cram was arrested yesterday in Albany and immediately brought back here. The complainant against him is E. O. Ryder, a roadbouse keeper. New \$255,000 Atelier Building Planned Plans have been filed with the Building Bureau for a new fireproof studio building, to be known as "The Atelier," to be erected at a cost of \$285,000 for William J. Taylor, on the north side of Sixty-seventh street, east of Columbus avenue. It will be T-shaped, with a façade of Holland brick and limestone, 75 feet front and \$4.11 feet deep. The main front section will be fourteen stories high with a basement, the middle section will be seven stories and the rear ten stories. The studios will be fitted with bathrooms, and the basement will be turnished as dining rooms. The building is to have a large fireproof passenger elevator. The architects are B. H. Simonson and Follard & Steinam. Bureau for a new fireproof studio building The protest made by Adjutant-General Nelson Henry of New York to the War Department saying that the State would not accept the 13,000 Krag rifles unless they were provided with the 1901 peep sight, which was adopted for them, has been favorably considered, and the War Department will supply the rifles to the State with the proper sights.

PUBLICATIONS.

PUBLICATIONS I defy the season to produce anything better than this



THE BOBBS-MERRILL COMPANY, PUBLISHERS.

BISHOP DENOUNCES PARSIFAL.

HEAD OF LONG ISLAND DIOCESE CALLS IT SACRILEGE.

says the Story of the Holy Grail Suffers Deflement When Presented on the Stage, Though Tennyson Used It With Reverence Manager Conried Replies. Bishop Burgess of Long Island protested

igorously against the production of "Parsifal," in a sermon which he delivered in St. Paul's Chapel yesterday. Although the name of the opera was not mentioned in his discourse, there is no doubt that his emarks were aimed at it. The production, he said, was the result

of pagan thought, in which a characterless fool was represented as the Saviour. The Son of God was presented on the stage and words sung which could only make us shud-

"Surely." he declared, "this is a blasphemy against the Holy Ghost."

The Bishop also intimated that the men who are producing the opera are laughing the Saviour to scorn by serving the world for hire. He said the soorn that greeted the Saviour during his life was still in evidence to-day, although it was hidden in such a way that, in many cases, it deceived the world. The magazines and newspapers. he declared, evidenced it. Nowadays scorn had been divorced from laughter and mingled with outward respect, but contempt was there. Then, getting down to "Parsifal." the Bishop continued

"The old stories of the Holy Grail sprang up in an age full of childlike yet sincere faith. When men like Tennyson or even Lowell introduce them, they lose none of their reverent charm, but when introduced by men who declare themselves pagans and made the background to magnificent stage scenes, we are conscious of some-thing lost. There is subtile sarcasm—words polite and polished—yet we feel that we are

in hostile company.

"The stage of to-day has proclaimed itself the substitute for the pulpit. It not only gives us so-called moral plays but, what is worse, the Gospel is now being used as a background for stage scenery. Even that woman who was the first to behold Jesus on Easter has been made a heroine of the boards. But this may be merely the thoughtlessness of a child,

merely the thoughtlessness of a child, if we can so regard it.

"But in the drama that is the result of the principles of pagan thought acenes are presented which every Christian ought to regard as unholy. A characterless fool is represented as the Redeemer and the Saviour, and in awful mockery His feet are washed by the woman who was a sinner. A representation of the Last Supper of the Son of God is presented on the stage, and words are sung which can only make us shudder. No magnificent music nor fine acting can blot out the undertone of the sacrilege. Surely, this is blasphemy against the Holy Ghost.

the sacrilege. Surely, this is blasphemy against the Holy Ghost.

"We feel like crying: 'Oh, spare us this, at least, in this time of Advent. Spare us this, at least, on Christmas eve. Laugh us this, at least, on Christmas eve. Laugh at us if you will; abuse our learned men and scholars; call our priests hypocrites and fools, sneer at our doctrines, but let that story remain sacred. Let that Character in history remain the one Character which the world will not permit to be defiled."

They laughed him to scorn. Who laughed him to scorn? Not the father and mother of the maid who had died. Not the apostles touched with sympathy and the apostles touched with sympathy and woe. No. The men who laughed him to scorn were the men who did not care— the men who were serving the world for

The meeting was the first of a series of three which are to be held in Advent. Bishop Burgess is to preach again in St.

## GOLD MEDAL Pan-American Exposition.



For the quick preparation of a deli-clous drink, for making Chocolate leing or for flavoring lee Cream, Lowney's "Always Ready" Sweet Chocolate Powder has no equal erties are present, unadulterated and unimpaired.

Paul's next Friday and the Friday after that. Manager Conried of the Metropolitan

Opera House said last night:
"The plot described by Bishop Burgess is so unlike that of 'Parsifal' that I have no right to assume that the Bishop refers to that opera. In 'Parsifal' there is no characterless fool, feeble and scant witted. There is no Christ and the feet of no Saviour are touched, as suggested, by the hair of Mary Magdalene. The Last Supper is not represented on the stage, so the offences Mary Magdalene. The Last Supper is not represented on the stage, so the offences enumerated by the Bishop are consequently imaginary."

imaginary."

Father John Talbot Smith, an author and Catholic priest of 72 East Eighty-ninth street, called at the Metropolitan Opera House yesterday afternoon to say that he was one Catholic clergyman not opposed to "Parsifal," and that the Catholic clergy as a class saw nothing irreverent in the production of the opera.

"In stage matters," the priest said, "the Catholic clergy are liberal, and we think the production of 'Parsifal' entirely beneficiant."

the production of 'Parsifal' entirely beneficent. It shows a revival of the Catholic spirit in this country and is symptomatic.

"Far from being offended by what is ignorantly called the 'Last Supper' scene in the opera, the clergy are pleased. There is no Last Supper—nothing but the symbolistic episode of the myth of the Holy Grail."

MOST STREETS CLEAR OF SNOW. Fall Made Jobs for 2,500 Men in Manhattan and More in Brooklyn.

The force of men employed in removing the snow from the city streets was inthe snow from the city streets was increased both in Manhattan and in Brooklyn
yesterday by Contractor William Bradley
and by night Mr. Bradley announced that
he had all the principal business thoroughfares in this city as well as the streets leading
to the ferries clear. He expects that the
entire job will be finished by this morning.
Commissioner Woodbury spent most of
his time yesterday in Brooklyn, superintending the work there. More than 2,500
men were employed in the work in Manmen were employed in the work in Man-

# TIFFANY



The moderate spender can find Holiday Gifts here that

ing, not necessarily great expense. Bronze and Pottery Lamps, Rugs and Antiques

are tust as artistic as the

most costly production.

"Tiffany" means just pro-

portion and correct color-

of all kinds. Visitors are always welcome at our show rooms.

ONE BLOCK EAST OF MADISON SQUARE

ART SALES AND EXHIBITIONS. EXECUTOR'S SALE.

# HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE

AND EFFECTS OF THE LATE

MRS. ALMA T. WIGHT, TO BE SOLD BY ORDER OF J. E. L. PELL, Executor.

STERN & BUSHMORE, 40 Wall St., Attorneys.
Comprising parlor, dining room and library furniture, brass beds, maple and mahogany bureaus and chifoniers, odd chairs, fine linens and a choice library of standard books of good editions; also a Mathusek upright plano, and in addition the contents of a noted bachelor's apartment. Sale Commences Saturday (To-day),

December 4th, at 1 P. M. sharp, at the New York Art Galleries, 2 WEST 28TH STREET. JOHN FELL O'BRIEN, Auctioneer

N. B.-Note hour of sale.

PUBLICATIONS.



"Tear me out l-am-good for to cents" Has Been Years District Send H Among

CAREER

GAFFNE

the desk Brooklyn containing one corner Record The figure years and s

and the pen Attorney Cl does, Gaffn if not the wh prison bars Gaffney i the accept his wife. sistency ar to be unequ the city. I last ten ye The story over the st coward by state he di wife, much soon as he drinks he b to fight. instead of body equal

physical str the saloon ire on the p by the law. Lizzie G old. They ago. Durin was plenty band's ill h band's lil syoung wife when matter herself like keep Gaffner Things chaix years of about to become to be the six years of about to be the six years of the ye

and only ch cruelly that home of a n a daughter, Mrs. Gaffney money needs refraining fo orce.
Gaffney w
assault on his
ising reform
promise he
almost befor
her feet aga
to the workh
no time or cha
trade, for wh
has since be
in the workh in the workh drunk enough sentence in p He got it
One year it
was the pun
He served for
had to spe
months in je
he was releas yn in search atter 19 yes beared from when he was when he was
Gaffney se
energy and
brought prai
bose. It too
is wife and
347 Manh
hat district

child nor th from making two days be greater part himself with himself with money earned him in the ho self and her o Last Wedn himself in the turning home received his mand his rel with his pared his madainty enoug tunately. Fo ney applied of giving his had ever recebar the time just a little t died. To avoonly his fists. First he us bag. Then h that time she to offer any took her arm far he could ward without

ward without Finally he add forward kick on the basis nates a man of wife beat of wife beat
the Court agr
the Court agr
the Court agr
daffney may
his life.

If he ge
the whereab
her. So he
taken from to
take

FRANCIS'S Has His Wor Stealing Mrs. Nellie 118 West a \$1,000 bail Jefferson Ma She was char rings, one va